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What is Imposter Syndrome?

First described by Dr. Pauline Clance and Dr.
Suzanne Imes in 1978

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What is Imposter Syndrome?

- Sufferers of Imposter Syndrome do not internalize their accomplishments
- They remain convinced that they do not deserve their success and are frauds
- Proofs of success are dismissed as luck, timing, or the ability to deceive others
- They constantly fear being "found out" as imposters



Do you suffer with Imposter Syndrome?

- Do you think your accomplishments are a "fluke" or "no big deal?" Perhaps you've only been successful because people "like" you?
- Do you hate making mistakes or being less than fully prepared? (More than is rational)
- Do you worry that others will find out that you're not as capable as they think you are?
- Is your reaction to success relief?



Do you suffer with Imposter Syndrome?

- Do you feel crushed by criticism, even when it's constructive?
- Do you believe other people are smarter or more capable than you?
- Do you shy away from challenges (or applications) due to self-doubt?
- Do you live in fear of being unmasked?





Join the club...

 Around 70% of academics suffer with imposter syndrome.

• 70%.

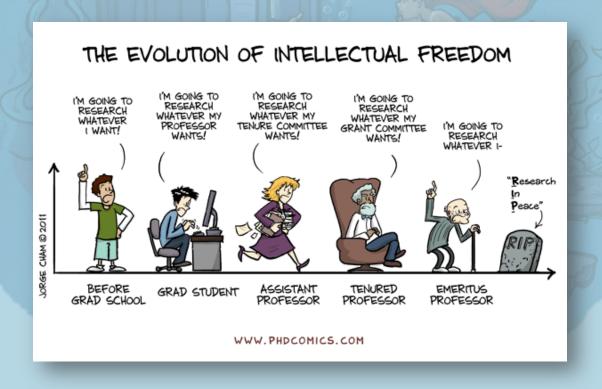
Seventy.

· Percent.



Why so many?

 Short lifespan of career stages mean we never really feel on top of things



Why so many?

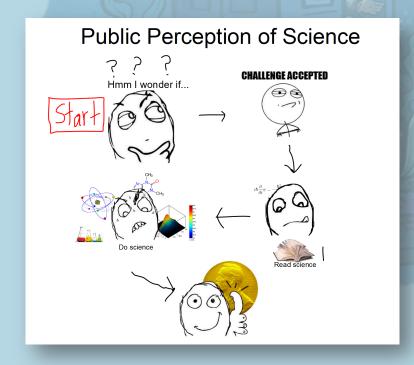
 Comparing yourself to others is very difficult/ fruitless

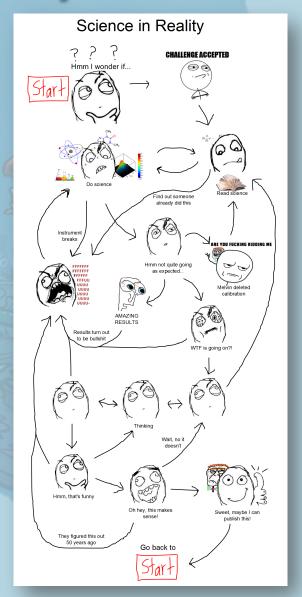
The field is competitive and praise is rare.



Why so many?

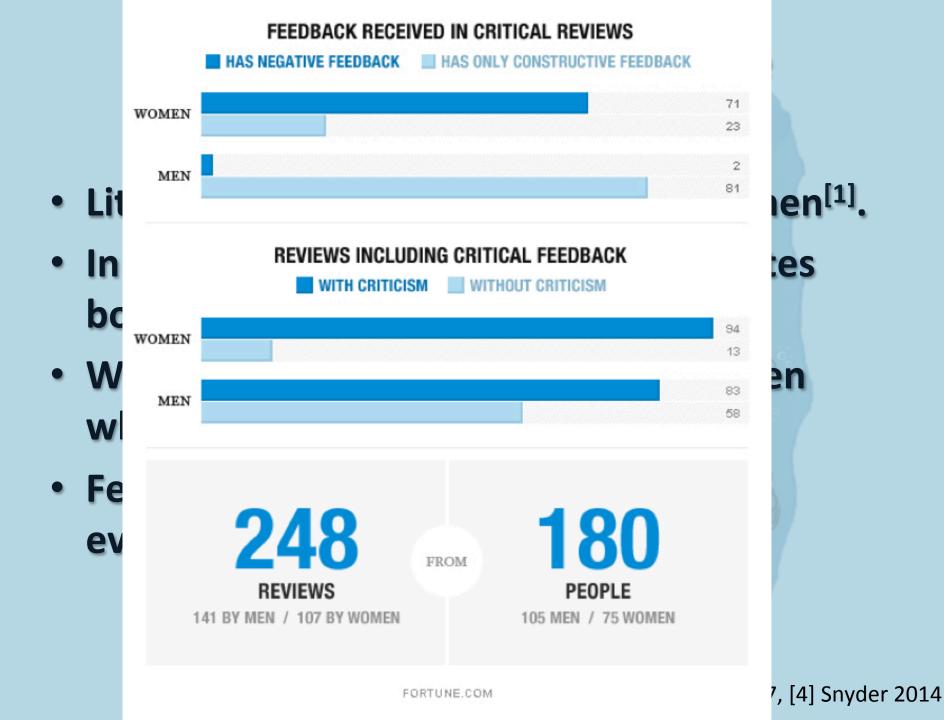
 The scientific method doesn't work the way we were taught it should





The Confidence Gap

- Men tend to overestimate their abilities and performance, whereas women underestimate both^[1].
- Men apply for jobs when they meet 60% of qualifications; women apply when they meet 100%^[2].
- Men initiate salary negotiations 4 times as often as women, and when women do negotiate they ask for 30% less money^[3].
- Male business students think they deserve \$80k on average. Female business students think they deserve \$64k^[4].



...and it's a race issue too...

• Ethnic minorities are especially susceptible to imposter syndrome, and imposter feelings predict mental health problems more strongly than any other stress related to being a minority^[1].

...but it can affect anyone

 Although initially thought to primarily afflict women, many studies have found that it's prevalent among men too

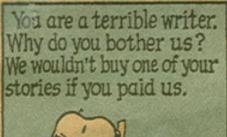


At-risk Groups

- People for whom success came quickly
- First generation professionals
- People with high-achieving parents
- People in a minority in their field or workplace
- People who work alone
- Students
- People in jobs that are atypical for their gender
- People in creative fields

 Imposter syndrome can make you less likely to apply for that fellowship or faculty position







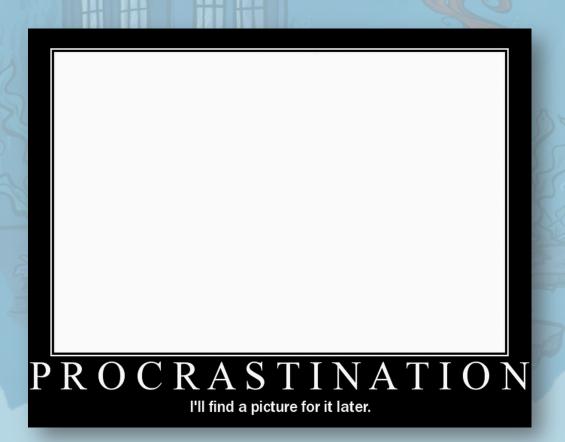




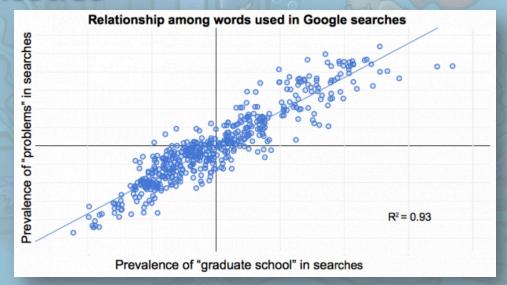
 It can make you wary of offering potentially useful insight or asking valid questions



It can actually affect your work



 Graduate students are especially prone to psychological stress and 44% report mental health issues*



insidehighered.com

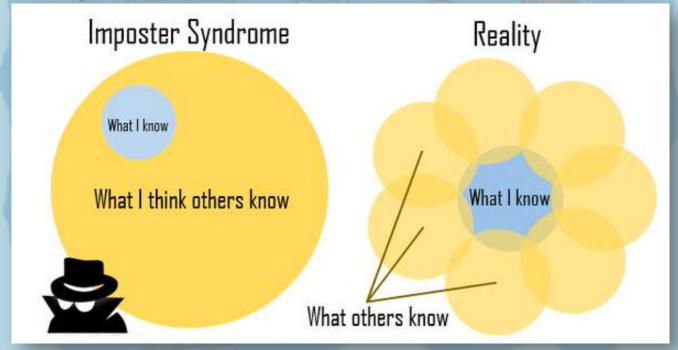
^{*}Hyun J, Quinn B, Madon T, Lustig S (2007) Mental health need, awareness, and use of counseling services among international graduate students. Journal of American College Health.

Talk about it

REMEMBER. **EVERYONE ELSE IS** MAKING IT UP AS THEY GO ALONG TOO.

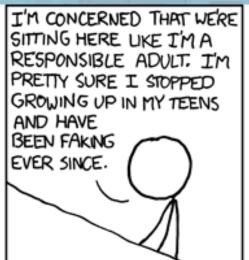
https://twitter.com/ mendyourhead/status/ 328977580013277184/photo/1

Intellectualize your feelings (easier said than done...)

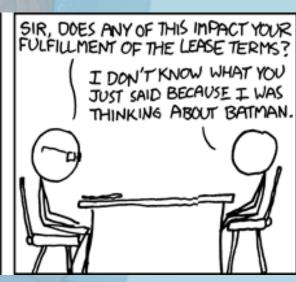


Recognize that self-doubt is normal









xkcd

Remind yourself of your positive achievements

Covers @ FirstCovers.com

I AM AWESOME

Change how you think about your weaknesses



Give equal weight to failures and successes



Remember that you are allowed a day off

